Sample Assessment Mate Time: 2 hours 30 minutes	rial	Paper Reference WMA01/01
Core Math Advanced Subsidiar		s C12
Pearson Edexcel International Advanced Level	Centre Number	Candidate Number
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Candidates may use any calculator allowed by the regulations of the Joint Council for Qualifications. Calculators must not have the facility for symbolic algebra manipulation, differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae stored in them.

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- If pencil is used for diagrams/sketches/graphs it must be dark (HB or B). Coloured pencils and highlighter pens must not be used.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer all questions and ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
 there may be more space than you need.
- You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear. Answers without working may not gain full credit.
- When a calculator is used, the answer should be given to an appropriate degree of accuracy.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 125.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets
 use this as a quide as to how much time to spend on each question.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

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. Simplify fully		
(a) $(25x^4)^{\frac{1}{2}}$,		
		(1)
(b) $(25x^4)^{-\frac{3}{2}}$.		(2)
		(2)
		(Total 3 marks)

2. Find the first 3 terms, in ascending powers of x, of the binomial expansion of	
$(3-x)^6$	
and simplify each term.	(4)
(Total	4 marks)

3.	Answer this	auestion	without	the use	of a	calculator	and	show	all	vour	working	,
J.	Allowel tills	question	without	the use	oi a	Calculator	anu	3110 11	an	your	WUI KIII	٠.

(i) Show that

$$(5 - \sqrt{8})(1 + \sqrt{2}) \equiv a + b\sqrt{2}$$

giving the values of the integers a and b.

(3)

(ii) Show that

$$\sqrt{80} + \frac{30}{\sqrt{5}} \equiv c\sqrt{5}$$
, where c is an integer. (3)

uestion 3 continued	

4. Given that $y = 2x^5 + 7 + \frac{1}{x^3}$, $x \ne 0$, find, in their simplest form,

(a) $\frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}x}$,

(3)

(b) $\int y \, \mathrm{d}x$.

(4)



uestion 4 continued	

5.

$$y = \frac{5}{3x^2 - 2}$$

The table below gives values of y rounded to 3 decimal places where necessary.

x	2	2.25	2.5	2.75	3
y	0.5	0.379	0.299	0.242	0.2

Use the trapezium rule, with all the values of y from the table above, to find an approximate value for

$$\int_{2}^{3} \frac{5}{3x^{2} - 2} \, \mathrm{d}x \tag{4}$$

uestion 5 continued	

6.	$f(x) = x^4 + x^3 + 2x^2 + ax + b,$	
	where a and b are constants.	
	When $f(x)$ is divided by $(x - 1)$, the remainder is 7	
	(a) Show that $a + b = 3$	(2)
	When $f(x)$ is divided by $(x + 2)$, the remainder is -8	
	(b) Find the value of a and the value of b.	(5)

Question 6 continued	

7. A sequence a_1 , a_2 , a_3 , ... is defined by

$$a_1 = 2$$
$$a_{n+1} = 3a_n - c$$

where c is a constant.

(a) Find an expression for a_2 in terms of c.

(1)

Given that $\sum_{i=1}^{3} a_i = 0$

(b) find the value of c.

(4)

uestion 7 continued	

8. The equation

$$(k+3)x^2 + 6x + k = 5$$
, where k is a constant,

has two distinct real solutions for x.

(a) Show that k satisfies

$$k^2 - 2k - 24 < 0$$

(4)

((b)	Hence	find	the	set	of	possible	values	of	k
							0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			

(3)

Question 8 continued	
	Q
	(Total 7 marks)

- 9. Given that $y = 3x^2$,
 - (a) show that $\log_3 y = 1 + 2 \log_3 x$

(b) Hence, or otherwise, solve the equation

$$1 + 2\log_3 x = \log_3 (28x - 9)$$

(3)

(3)

uestion 9 continued	
	(Total 6 marks)

10.

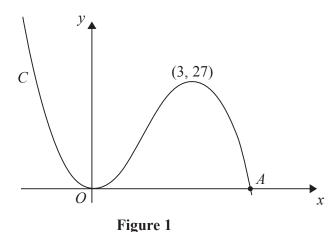


Figure 1 shows a sketch of the curve C with equation y = f(x), where

$$f(x) = x^2(9 - 2x).$$

There is a minimum at the origin, a maximum at the point (3, 27) and C cuts the x-axis at the point A.

(a) Write down the coordinates of the point A.

(1)

- (b) On separate diagrams sketch the curve with equation
 - (i) y = f(x + 3),
 - (ii) y = f(3x).

On each sketch you should indicate clearly the coordinates of the maximum point and any points where the curves cross or meet the coordinate axes.

(6)

The curve with equation y = f(x) + k, where k is a constant, has a maximum point at (3, 10).

(c) Write down the value of k.

(1)

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11.

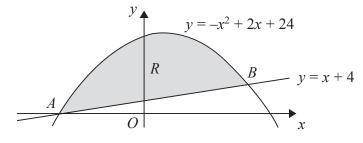


Figure 2

The straight line with equation y = x + 4 cuts the curve with equation $y = -x^2 + 2x + 24$ at the points A and B, as shown in Figure 2.

(a) Use algebra to find the coordinates of the points A and B.

(4)

The finite region R is bounded by the straight line and the curve and is shown shaded in Figure 2.

(b) Use calculus to find the exact area of R.

(7)

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	(Total 11 marks)

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(4)	
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13.

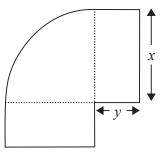


Figure 3

Figure 3 shows a flowerbed. Its shape is a quarter of a circle of radius x metres with two equal rectangles attached to it along its radii. Each rectangle has length equal to x metres and width equal to y metres.

Given that the area of the flowerbed is 4 m²,

(a) show that

$$y = \frac{16 - \pi x^2}{8x}$$

(3)

(b) Hence show that the perimeter P metres of the flowerbed is given by the equation

$$P = \frac{8}{x} + 2x$$

(3)

(c) Use calculus to find the minimum value of P.

(5)

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14.	In this question you must show all stages of your working.
	(Solutions based entirely on graphical or numerical methods are not acceptable.)

(a) Solve for $0 \le x < 360^{\circ}$, giving your answers in degrees to 1 decimal place,

$$3\sin(x+45^\circ)=2$$

(4)

(b) Find, for $0 \le x \le 2\pi$, all the solutions of

$$2\sin^2 x + 2 = 7\cos x$$

giving your answers in radians.

(6)

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15.

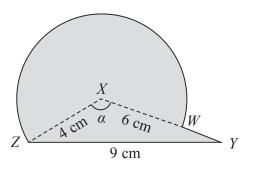


Figure 4

The triangle XYZ in Figure 4 has XY = 6 cm, YZ = 9 cm, ZX = 4 cm and angle $ZXY = \alpha$. The point W lies on the line XY.

The circular arc ZW, in Figure 4 is a major arc of the circle with centre X and radius 4 cm.

(a) Show that, to 3 significant figures, $\alpha = 2.22$ radians.

(2)

(b) Find the area, in cm^2 , of the major sector XZWX.

(3)

The region enclosed by the major arc ZW of the circle and the lines WY and YZ is shown shaded in Figure 4.

Calculate

(c) the area of this shaded region,

(3)

(d) the perimeter ZWYZ of this shaded region.

(4)

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Question 15 continued	b

16.	Maria trains for a triathlon, which involves swimming, cycling and running. On the first day of training she swims 1.5 km and then she swims 1.5 km on each of th following days.	e
	(a) Find the total distance that Maria swims in the first 17 days of training. (1	2)
	Maria also runs 1.5 km on the first day of training and on each of the following days sh runs 0.25 km further than on the previous day. So she runs 1.75 km on the second day and 2 km on the third day and so on.	
	(b) Find how far Maria runs on the 17th day of training. (2	3)
	Maria also cycles 1.5 km on the first day of training and on each of the following days she cycles 5% further than on the previous day.	e
	(c) Find the total distance that Maria cycles in the first 17 days of training.	6)
	(d) Find the total distance Maria travels by swimming, running and cycling in the first 17 days of training. (3)	
	Maria needs to cycle 40 km in the triathlon.	
	(e) On which day of training does Maria first cycle more than 40 km? (4)	4)
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	TOTAL FOR PAPER: 125 MARKS	
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